

Package: nfc core.utils (via r-universe)

June 23, 2026

Version 0.0.2

Date 2026-03-30

Title Utilities for Nf-Core Modules

Depends R (>= 4.4.0),

Imports utils

Description Provides utility functions to facilitate the use of R within nf-core modules. The package helps parse Nextflow inputs and perform validation checks to ensure correct parameter handling and reproducible execution.

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Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.3

Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)

VignetteBuilder knitr

Suggests testthat (>= 3.0.0), rmarkdown, BiocStyle, knitr, withr, yaml

Config/testthat/edition 3

BugReports <https://github.com/nf-core/r-nf-core-utils/issues>

URL <https://github.com/nf-core/r-nf-core-utils>

Repository <https://nf-core.r-universe.dev>

Date/Publication 2026-06-08 13:45:19 UTC

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/nf-core/r-nf-core-utils>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 6c13765fed25d54b05d0e0fd6ba1764c5442c8f3

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nfcore.utils-package *The nf-core utils R package for Nextflow processes*

Description

This package aims to ease the link between Nextflow inputs and outputs to the R variable needed in the script.

Functions

Below are listed some of the main functions available:

`process_inputs()`: Given a list of expected options with their default this function will parse the arguments given and validate their value based on the expected rules.

`process_end()`: Create a `versions.yml` and `R_sessionInfo.log` file in the directory provided. The version file will be populated with the R version, the version of `nfcore.utils` and the version of the additional packages given.

Author(s)

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See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/nf-core/r-nf-core-utils>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/nf-core/r-nf-core-utils/issues>

Examples

```
library(nfcore.utils)
td <- withr::local_tempdir()
test_file_path <- file.path(td, "test_file.txt")
file.create(test_file_path)
options <- list(
  input_file = test_file_path,
  output_file = "prefix",
  threshold = 0.5
)
args <- c("--threshold 0.7")
processed_options <- process_inputs(
  options, args,
  keys_to_nullify = c("input_file", "output_file"),
  expected_files = c("input_file"),
  expected_double = c("threshold"),
  required_opts = c("input_file", "threshold")
)
## Not run:
process_end(
  packages = list(
    "r-stats" = "stats"
  ),
  task_name = 'MY_PROCESS'
)

## End(Not run)
```

create_log_session_info

Log R session info

Description

This function logs the R session info to a file named `R_sessionInfo.log` in the specified output directory.

Usage

```
create_log_session_info(out_dir = ".")
```

Arguments

`out_dir` Output directory where the R session info log will be written to. Default is the current directory.

Value

R session info log

Examples

```
td <- withr::local_tempdir()
create_log_session_info(td)
```

create_versions.yml *Create versions.yml file*

Description

This function allows to automatically create the versions.yml file used to store the packages used. r-base as well as r-nfcore.utils versions will automatically be added.

Usage

```
create_versions_yaml(packages, task_name, out_dir = ".")
```

Arguments

packages	Named list of packages to add to the versions.yml. The items names should be the conda package name, while the items value should be the package name used in R.
task_name	Name of the nextflow process. Typically <code>\${task.process}</code>
out_dir	Output directory where the versions.yml will be written to. Default is the current directory.

Value

versions.yml file

Examples

```
td <- withr::local_tempdir()
create_versions_yaml(list("r-stats" = "stats"), "MY_PROCESS", td)
```

is_null_or_invalid *Check if is NULL or invalid*

Description

Check if is NULL or invalid

Usage

```
is_null_or_invalid(x, variable_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

x String to check
variable_name Name of the variable to print if error occurs

Value

TRUE if is null, ERROR if invalid and FALSE otherwise

Examples

```
is_null_or_invalid(NULL) # TRUE  
try(is_null_or_invalid(" ")) # ERROR  
is_null_or_invalid("Hello World !") # FALSE
```

is_valid_string *Check for Non-Empty, Non-Whitespace String*

Description

This function checks if the input is non-NULL and contains more than just whitespace. It returns TRUE if the input is a non-empty, non-whitespace string, and FALSE otherwise.

Usage

```
is_valid_string(input)
```

Arguments

input A variable to check.

Value

A logical value: TRUE if the input is a valid, non-empty, non-whitespace string; FALSE otherwise.

Examples

```
is_valid_string("Hello World") # Returns TRUE  
is_valid_string(" Hello World ") # Returns TRUE  
is_valid_string(" ")            # Returns FALSE  
is_valid_string(NULL)           # Returns FALSE
```

`nullify` *Turn “null” or empty strings into actual NULL*

Description

Turn “null” or empty strings into actual NULL

Usage

```
nullify(x)
```

Arguments

`x` Input option

Value

NULL or `x`

Examples

```
nullify("null") # Returns NULL
nullify("NULL") # Returns NULL
nullify(" ") # Returns NULL
nullify("") # Returns NULL
nullify(NULL) # Returns NULL
nullify(NA) # Returns NULL
nullify("Hello") # Returns "Hello"
```

`parse_arguments` *Parse out options from a string without recourse to optparse*

Description

If only the key is given, the value will be set to TRUE

Usage

```
parse_arguments(x)
```

Arguments

`x` Long-form argument list like `-opt1 val1 -opt2 val2`

Value

named list of options and values similar to `optparse`

Examples

```
parse_arguments("--opt1 val1 --opt2 val2")
parse_arguments(' --opt1-extra "value with space" --opt2 val2 ')
```

process_end *Process end of the workflow*

Description

Create the versions.yml file and log session info at the end of the process.

Usage

```
process_end(packages, task_name, out_dir = ".")
```

Arguments

packages	Named list of packages to add to the versions.yml. The items names should be the conda package name, while the items value should be the package name used in R.
task_name	Name of the nextflow process. Typically <code>#{task.process}</code>
out_dir	Output directory where the versions.yml will be written to. Default is the current directory.

Value

versions.yml file and R session info log

Examples

```
td <- withr::local_tempdir()
process_end(list("r-stats" = "stats"), "MY_PROCESS", td)
```

process_inputs *Process input parameters and files*

Description

This function processes input parameters and files, applying parameter overrides, validating expected keys and files, and ensuring that the provided file paths are valid.

Usage

```
process_inputs(
  opt,
  args = NULL,
  keys_to_nullify = NULL,
  expected_files = NULL,
  expected_folders = NULL,
  expected_double = NULL,
  expected_integer = NULL,
  expected_boolean = NULL,
  required_opts = NULL
)
```

Arguments

`opt` A list of default options.

`args` A character vector of command-line arguments to override defaults.

`keys_to_nullify` A character vector of keys that should be nullified.

`expected_files` A character vector of keys in `opt` that are expected to be file paths.

`expected_folders` A character vector of keys in `opt` that are expected to be folder paths.

`expected_double` A character vector of keys in `opt` that are expected to be float values.

`expected_integer` A character vector of keys in `opt` that are expected to be integer values.

`expected_boolean` A character vector of keys in `opt` that are expected to be boolean values.

`required_opts` A character vector of keys in `opt` that are required and must not be null or empty.

Value

A list of processed options with overrides applied and validated.

Examples

```
td <- withr::local_tempdir()
test_file_path <- file.path(td, "test_file.txt")
file.create(test_file_path)
options <- list(
  input_file = test_file_path,
  output_file = "prefix",
  threshold = 0.5,
  "is-a-test" = NULL
)
args <- c("--threshold 0.7 --is-a-test")
processed_options <- process_inputs(
  options, args,
```

```

  keys_to_nullify = c("input_file", "output_file"),
  expected_files = c("input_file"),
  expected_double = c("threshold"),
  expected_boolean = c("is-a-test"),
  required_opts = c("input_file", "threshold")
)

```

read_delim_flexible *Flexibly read CSV or TSV files*

Description

The following rules are applied:

- extension == txt or tsv, then separator is set to tabulation
- extension == csv, then separator is set to comma

Usage

```
read_delim_flexible(file, ...)
```

Arguments

file	Input file
...	Arguments passed on to <code>utils::read.delim</code>
header	a logical value indicating whether the file contains the names of the variables as its first line. If missing, the value is determined from the file format: header is set to TRUE if and only if the first row contains one fewer field than the number of columns.
quote	the set of quoting characters. To disable quoting altogether, use quote = "". See <code>scan</code> for the behaviour on quotes embedded in quotes. Quoting is only considered for columns read as character, which is all of them unless <code>colClasses</code> is specified.
dec	the character used in the file for decimal points.
fill	logical. If TRUE then in case the rows have unequal length, blank fields are implicitly added. See 'Details'.
comment.char	character: a character vector of length one containing a single character or an empty string. Use "" to turn off the interpretation of comments altogether.

Value

output Data frame

valid_string	<i>Check for Non-Empty, Non-Whitespace String</i>
--------------	---

Description

This function checks if the input is non-NULL and contains more than just whitespace.

Usage

```
valid_string(input)
```

Arguments

input	A variable to check.
-------	----------------------

Value

input with whitespace trimmed or throw error if not a valid string

Examples

```
valid_string("Hello World") # Returns "Hello World"  
valid_string(" Hello World ") # Returns "Hello World"  
try(valid_string("  ")) # Error  
try(valid_string(NULL)) # Error
```

validate_boolean	<i>Check if value is a boolean</i>
------------------	------------------------------------

Description

Convert to TRUE or FALSE with accepted lowered values as:

- TRUE: 1, yes, true
- FALSE: 0, no, false

Usage

```
validate_boolean(x, variable_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	String to check and convert
variable_name	Name of the variable to print if error occurs

Value

x as TRUE/FALSE, or NULL if is null and ERROR if x isn't convertible to a boolean

Examples

```
validate_boolean(NULL) # NULL
try(validate_boolean(" ")) # ERROR
try(validate_boolean("Hello World !")) # ERROR
try(validate_boolean(12.4)) # ERROR
validate_boolean("1") # TRUE
validate_boolean(0) # FALSE
```

validate_double	<i>Check if value is a double number</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Check if value is a double number

Usage

```
validate_double(x, variable_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

x String to check and convert
variable_name Name of the variable to print if error occurs

Value

x as double, or NULL if is null and ERROR if x isn't convertible to a double

Examples

```
validate_double(NULL) # NULL
try(validate_double(" ")) # ERROR
try(validate_double("Hello World !")) # ERROR
validate_double("12.4") # 12.4
validate_double("12") # 12.0
```

validate_file	<i>Check if value is an existing file</i>
---------------	---

Description

Check if value is an existing file

Usage

```
validate_file(x, variable_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	String to check
variable_name	Name of the variable to print if error occurs

Value

x, or NULL if is null and ERROR if x isn't an existing file

Examples

```
try(validate_file("test")) # ERROR
```

validate_folder	<i>Check if value is an existing folder</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Check if value is an existing folder

Usage

```
validate_folder(x, variable_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	String to check
variable_name	Name of the variable to print if error occurs

Value

x, or NULL if is null and ERROR if x isn't an existing folder

Examples

```
try(validate_folder("test")) # ERROR
```

validate_integer	<i>Check if value is an integer</i>
------------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Check if value is an integer

Usage

```
validate_integer(x, variable_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

x String to check and convert
variable_name Name of the variable to print if error occurs

Value

x as integer, or NULL if is null and ERROR if x isn't convertible to an integer

Examples

```
validate_integer(NULL) # NULL  
try(validate_integer(" ")) # ERROR  
try(validate_integer("Hello World !")) # ERROR  
try(validate_integer("12.4")) # ERROR  
validate_integer("12") # 12
```

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